

LIFE INSURANCE AS AN ASSET CLASS

Creating a predictable legacy in an unpredictable world



Not a bank or credit union deposit, obligation or guarantee | May lose value

Not FDIC or NCUA/NCUSIF insured | Not insured by any federal government agency

Adding a financial hedge to your portfolio

In the same way auto and homeowners insurance provide for protection from unexpected financial losses, life insurance can provide your beneficiaries or business with a predictable death benefit if something were to happen to you. When used as an estate-planning tool, the life insurance policy's proceeds will often yield a competitive rate of return compared to legacy assets held in a taxable investment.

A look at investment risk

In the investment world, nearly all assets are subject to risk—a lesson many investors learned during the last economic downturn.

Consider this: If your investment experienced a 25% loss during this time period, what gain would you need to return to the break-even point? Many investors reason that a 25% loss would require a 25% gain, but the reality is that fewer dollars translate to proportionately smaller gains. In the scenario below, for example, it would take nearly 8.5 years for a \$100,000 taxable investment to recover the loss.



¹ Hypothetical scenario assumes a starting balance of \$100,000 and a one-time loss of \$25,000. If the investment earned average annual returns of 5% (subject to 32% federal income tax), it would take approximately 8 years and 6 months to return to the break-even point.

Life insurance adds predictability

In times of economic uncertainty, many individuals turn to life insurance to help stabilize their retirement portfolios. Why? Unlike alternative assets held in an investment portfolio affected by the market's ups and downs, life insurance provides a stipulated payment correlated to mortality.

Additionally, if properly structured in a trust that exists outside of the taxable estate, the death benefit proceeds are paid to the trust free of federal income and estate taxes.



² The Internal Rate of Return (IRR) is the annual effective after-tax interest rate at which life insurance premiums must accumulate in order to match the value of the death benefit at the end of the referenced year.

³ This hypothetical is for a 67-year-old female with a \$3,000,000 face amount Symetra Protector IUL policy, Preferred Non-Nicotine rate class and annual premiums of \$126,888 for 10 years (illustrated at a 4.90% initial crediting rate with the JPMorgan ETF Efficiente® 5 Core Index - 1 Year Point-to-Point, current policy charges). Policy remains in-force to age 119 with a no-lapse guarantee benefit for 23 years or to age 90. Illustrated amounts are current as of Sept. 2021, but are subject to change without notice. Please check current index cap and participation rate information. By life expectancy, age 89, the probability of death occurring is 48.79%. In this scenario, the investment must have earned an average annual interest rate of 4.71%, subject to a federal income tax rate of 32% (6.93% before taxes), in order to equal the life insurance policy's death benefit of \$3 million.

⁴ Life Expectancy (LE) is based on the average age at death based on current age, as well as the average probability of death by a certain year. The table used is 2008 VBT (Valuation Basic Tables) produced by the NAIC (National Association of Insurance Commissioners) and the SOA (Society of Actuaries). This table is based on the most recent mortality experience for a single life and is intended to provide a minimum standard for the valuation of standard ordinary life insurance. Joint and survivorship life will produce different outcomes. It is important to note that this table should not be used to predict life expectancies and should only be used as a reference. There are many tables available in addition to 2008 VBT Table to calculate life expectancies and other probabilities. This is not a recommendation to forecast or predict the future.

Years for Taxable Investment to Match Death Benefit

Chart compares what legacy beneficiaries would receive if, starting at age 67, the policyowner placed \$126,888 for 10 years into a taxable investment earning an average annual rate of 5% (subject to a federal income tax rate of 32%) instead of paying premiums on an indexed universal life insurance policy with a no-lapse guarantee.⁵



The benefits of owning life insurance

When properly structured, life insurance provides several potential benefits:

Access to Money

Life insurance can help equalize the inheritance received by beneficiaries, and provide the money they need to replace income, pay off debt or cover end-of-life expenses.

Control

As the policyowner, you direct how life insurance policy proceeds are distributed, and help ensure that the life insurance proceeds avoid the costs and delays of probate.

Self-Completion

The life insurance policy death benefit can facilitate "self-completion" of your financial plans by providing the cash your beneficiaries need to:

- Replace lost income and future contributions to savings
- · Avoid the need to sell investments during a down market
- Fund a business transition plan

Maximize Wealth Transfer

Life insurance proceeds are paid to the beneficiaries free of federal income taxes, and, if held in a properly structured trust that exists outside the taxable estate, assets are also free of federal estate taxes.

Is owning life insurance the right strategy for you?

A life insurance policy may be a good choice if you:

- Own a diverse portfolio of assets you aren't planning to use for your own retirement income needs.
- Want to leave all or a portion of these assets to your beneficiaries.
- ✓ Want to eliminate the need to liquidate assets during a down market.
- Would like to minimize the impact of federal estate and income taxes on your legacy.
- ✓ Wish to potentially protect legacy assets from creditors, predators and other unforeseen liabilities.

If any of these apply to you, contact your insurance professional to learn more.

Life insurance is issued by Symetra Life Insurance Company, 777 108th Avenue NE, Suite 1200, Bellevue, WA 98004-5135. Products are not available in all U.S. states or any U.S. territory.

Symetra Protector IUL is a flexible-premium adjustable life insurance policy with index-linked interest options. Policy form number is ICC18 LC2 in most states.

Life insurance policies contain exclusions, limitations, reductions of benefits and terms for keeping them in-force. Please call your insurance professional for more complete details.

Guarantees and benefits are subject to the claims-paying ability of Symetra Life Insurance Company.

Symetra Protector IUL has fixed and indexed accounts. Interest credited to the indexed accounts is affected by the value of outside indexes. Values based on the performance of any index are not guaranteed. The policy does not directly participate in any outside investment or index.

Symetra reserves the right to add, modify or remove any index strategy or crediting method. If any index is discontinued or if the calculation of any index is changed substantially, Symetra reserves the right to substitute a comparable index.

Except for the JPMorgan ETF Efficiente 5[®] Index, an index does not include the payment or reinvestment of dividends in the calculation of its performance. It is not possible to invest in an index.

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